

In this workshop you will learn:

How to:

- > Manage an effective fundraising program
- > Build a broad base of donors
- Help board and other volunteers to raise money
- > Identify prospects
- > Ask for money in person



www.kleinandroth.com

Getting Started





Philanthropic Giving: 2017

TOTAL GIVING: \$410.05 billion

Individuals: \$286.65 **70%** ▶ Bequests: 35.70 9% **▶** Foundations 66.90 16% 5%

▶ Corporations 20.77

Source: Giving USA



Focus on People Who Give:

- ▶ Most people: 70% of adults give away \$\$
- → Give to 5-10 organizations each year
- Equal numbers of men and women.
- # 1 reason people make a donation: someone asked them.
- ▶ 56% of households have a pet, and the vast majority of those give away money

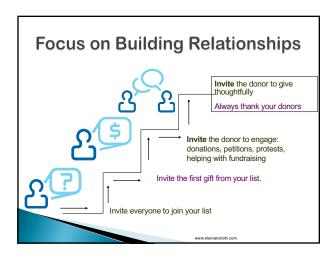


Talk about Money

People Give to People...with Causes

Focus on building loyalty to the cause









A Simple Chart

Goal: \$50,000

# of gifts	size	# of	prospects ³
2	\$5000	8	
4	\$2500	16	
10 20	\$1000	30	
20	'\$500	40	
40	\$250	80	

76 gifts X 2 = 152 prospects

Make Sure Every Entry Point Invites a Donation

If I found out about your organization from

- --your website,
- --your e-newsletter
- --a friend
- --a special event
- --dropping by your office



Would I know that you raise money from people like me?

www.kleinandroth.com

Build a Team of Askers

Some people must be willing to ask in person, do follow up e-mails and make phone calls!



www.kleinandroth.com

^{*}You will need 2 times the number of prospects as the number of gifts

Every Fundraising Team Needs:

A way for everyone to participate. Some:

- will ask for money and some won't
- love events, and some don't
- enjoy working alone, others in teams
- prefer approaching strangers
- prefer working with institutions

Who are you?

Is your team balanced amongst all the styles?

Every Team Member Should be Able To:

- State a one sentence, easy to remember mission or vision statement
- ✓ Name three important accomplishments
- ✓ Name three goals for the current year
- √ Talk about the total budget
- ✓ Talk about how the organization raises \$.



Every Team Member Has A Plan

I, Betty Lou Board Member, will:

- Give \$100 before November 1.
- Help raise \$1000 by hosting a house party at my house in May.
 - GOAL: 20 new donors @ \$25-100 each
- Create a Giving Page (goal \$500)

 I prefer not to:

Participate in the phone-a-thon
I will not:

Come to the auction—sick of those!



www.kleinandroth.com

This is one of the organizations I support "I like this organization a lot" "This is one of my top three giving priorities"



Simple Segments Segment: Donor feels: First time donors: Welcomed Engaged Habitual: A sense of identity Thoughtful: Org is a priority Org should exist forever

Lapsed Donors Donor hasn't given in over 24 months: Re-engage or let go. Track when the lapse occurs. Work harder for donors who lapse after several gifts. Methods: Series of three: e-mail, text and/or a phone call: 1."Is it all over between us?" 2."In the interest of good stewardship..." A few months later, 3. "Did you miss us?" **Look for Patterns** Some donors give several times a year and respond well to being asked often Some donors give once a year and prefer not to be asked frequently. Keep these two categories straight is important!

Size of Gift	
<u> </u>	
Donors who give big gifts get more personal	
attention	
☐ <u>Thank you call</u>	
Personal note* saying where the gift is	
going	
Invitation to be in touch	
Occasional note with no ask	
"note" means any written personal contact. Text, e-mail, pm, card	

More Elaborate Segments

You may want to analyze your donor base and segment donors who only:

- □ Come to events, or a particular event
- □ Give to one particular program
- □ Give episodically in response to an immediate need
- ☐ Give in response to the newsletter Appeal to them the way they give

1.4								
Kee	n	11	าเ	VI	1	n	М	٠
1100	\sim			W.	u		u	٠

Some donors give:

- a small amount every year. You will never be their favorite cause.
- a small amount for years and leave you \$ in their will
- · large amounts for years and then stop.

The majority of first time donors do not give again.

Don't take anything personally.

What Are Your Challenges?

We do these things very well:

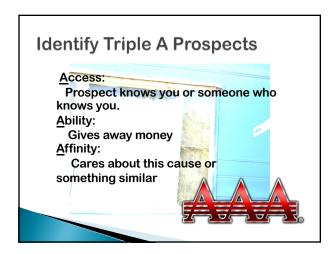
We do these things adequately:

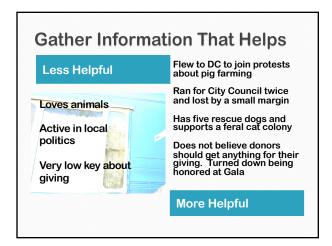


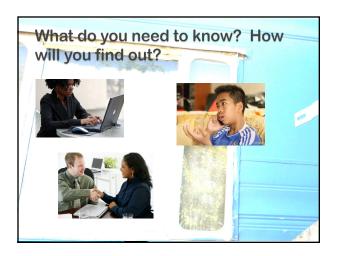
We need to improve:

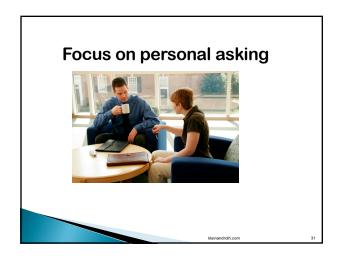
This is what we will focus on:

www.kleinandroth.com





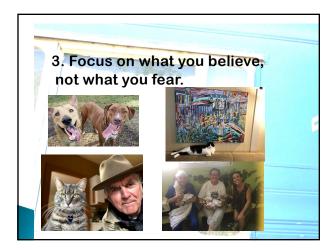














Preparation

Have ready:

- ▶ Stories
- > Statistics, including comparisons
- Philosophical points
- Responses to common objections and questions
- ▶ Budget and fundraising success so far

The Phone Call

Have ready:

- Opening sentence
- Message for VM
- Most exciting thing about the project
- Where are you toward the goal?
- □ How much do you want?
- What happens now?



To Do List

www.kleinandroth.com

Prepare Questions To Ask

How did you first hear about us?
How long have you lived here?
How is that donut shop that just opened?
What is most compelling about this issue to you?



Tell Your Own Story

I got involved in this because....

The most surprising thing to me about this issue is....

I loved meeting people who have been giving for a long time because....



Ask yourself, "Why Am I Talking?"



The CLOSE



Create an Action Plan

- □ Do we need to re-think any of our strategies? If yes, which one(s) and how?
- □ What are next steps with our board and volunteers? Be specific.
- How can personal solicitation become a priority? When? Goal?

www.klainandroth.com

What Are You Going to do Now?



www.kleinandroth.com

About the Presenter

Kim Klein is the author of five books, including the classic text, Fundraising for Social Change, recently released

for Social Change, recently released in a SEVENTH edition. She also wrote Reliable Fundraising in Unreliable Times, which won the McAdam Book Award in 2010.

She has provided training and consultation in all 50 United States, five Canadian provinces and 21 other countries. She is a lecturer at the School of Social Welfare at the University of California, Berkeley, and has served as guest faculty at the Haas School of Business at UC Berkeley and Concordia University in Montreal.